INFLUENZA PREVENTION IN ADULTS

Influenza is a highly contagious respiratory infection.

INFLUENZA SPREADS THROUGH:
• close contact with others
• contact with contaminated surfaces

IT CAN BE SERIOUS FOR SOME ADULTS
At greatest risk of influenza-related complications are adults:

65 years and older
who are pregnant
with a chronic illness
who are Indigenous
residing in nursing homes and other chronic-care facilities

THE NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON IMMUNIZATION (NACI) RECOMMENDS INFLUENZA IMMUNIZATION FOR ADULTS:

1. 65 years of age and older
2. at high risk of influenza-related complications or hospitalization, including: heart or lung illness (e.g., asthma), diabetes, cancer or undergoing treatment, kidney disease, anemia, neurologic conditions and morbid obesity
3. residing in nursing homes and other chronic-care facilities
4. who are pregnant
5. who are Indigenous
6. who are capable of spreading influenza to those at high risk, including health care providers, household contacts and people who provide essential community services

New strains of influenza appear every year.
Annual immunization is an effective way to prevent influenza and its complications.

Talk to your doctor, nurse, pharmacist or local public health office about getting immunized against influenza.

Reference: